

Introduction to Symplectic Geometry : Lecture 27

December 1st, 2021

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 - ▶ (rational) the edges meeting at the vertex p are of the form $\{p + tu_i\}_{t \geq 0}$ for some $u_i \in \mathbb{Z}^n$,
 - ▶ (smooth) for each vertex p the slopes u_1, \dots, u_n of the edges form a \mathbb{Z} -basis of \mathbb{Z}^n .

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Remark : What are all the S^1 -toric manifolds? Answer : $(\mathbb{P}^1, c\omega_{FS})$ for any $c > 0$.

Properties of toric manifolds

- Let (M, ω, T, μ) be a toric manifold. Vertices of $\mu(M)$ correspond to T -fixed points in M . Fixed points in M are isolated.
- For a fixed point $m_0 \in M$, there exists a \mathbb{Z} -basis of $\mathfrak{t}_{\mathbb{Z}}$ and coordinates $(x_1, y_1, \dots, x_n, y_n)$ in a neighborhood of m such that the action of T is standard :

$$(z_1, \dots, z_n) \xrightarrow{\exp(\theta_1, \dots, \theta_n) \in T} (e^{i\theta_1} z_1, \dots, e^{i\theta_n} z_n)$$

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Contrast with the case when $\dim(T) < \frac{1}{2} \dim(M)$.

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- fixed points map to the interior of $\mu(M)$,
- fixed points are not isolated,
- for an edge e of the polytope $\mu^{-1}(e)$ may not be \mathbb{P}^1 .

Homework : Construct such examples.

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- If M is not toric, then the stabilizers can not be read off from the moment polytope.

Toric blow-up

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- Example: $\text{Bl}_{[1:0:0]}\mathbb{P}^2$. How does the blow-up parameter λ figure in the moment polytope?

Variation of symplectic form in quotients

- Consider the action $T = (S^1)^2$ on \mathbb{P}^2 . Denote

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- Note that $\frac{d[\bar{\omega}_\tau]}{d\tau} = -2[\omega_{FS}]$. We will relate this quantity to the first Chern class of the S^1 -bundle $\{\mu_{T_2} = \tau\} \rightarrow \{\mu_{T_2} = \tau\}/S^1$.

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Connections on an S^1 -bundle

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- Question : Let $\bar{\omega}_\tau$ be the reduced symplectic form on $\bar{X}_\tau := \mu^{-1}(\tau)/S^1$. How does $\bar{\omega}_\tau$ vary with τ ?

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- Let (M, ω, S^1, μ) be an S^1 -Hamiltonian space with moment map $\mu : M \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$. Let $\mu^{-1}(0)$ be a regular level on which S^1 acts freely.
- Observe : For τ close enough to zero the levels $\mu^{-1}(\tau)$ is S^1 -diffeomorphic to $\mu^{-1}(0)$.
- Question : Let $\bar{\omega}_\tau$ be the reduced symplectic form on $\bar{X}_\tau := \mu^{-1}(\tau)/S^1$. How does $\bar{\omega}_\tau$ vary with τ ?

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$$[\bar{\omega}_\tau] = [\bar{\omega}_0] - 2\pi\tau c_1(Z \rightarrow \bar{X}_0).$$

So, $\frac{d}{d\tau}[\omega_\tau]|_{\tau=0} = -2\pi c_1(Z)$.

Variation of symplectic form : example

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- Let E be the exceptional divisor in $\text{Bl}_{[0:0:1]}\mathbb{P}^2$. The first Chern number of $NE \rightarrow E$ is -1 .