

Section 1: Algebra

1.1 -1

1.2 b, c

1.3 a, b, c

1.4 $I = \{f \in \mathcal{C}[0, 1] \mid f(x) = 0 \text{ for all } x \in S\}$
for any subset S of $[0, 1]$

1.5 a, c

1.6 Any two linearly independent vectors
belonging to V (Example: $(1, 0, 1, -1)$ and
 $(0, 1, 1, -1)$)

1.7 a

1.8

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 8 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 11 \end{bmatrix}$$

1.9 $1 + x + x^2 + x^3$

1.10 $x^3 - x^2 - 8x - 16 = 0$

Section 2: Analysis

2.1 b, c

2.2 $\frac{4}{e}$

2.3 a . Limit does not exist; b . 1 ; c . 0

2.4 a . Emptyset; b . $\{-1, +1\}$

2.5 $e^{a \frac{f'(a)}{f(a)}}$

2.6 b, c

2.7 a, b, c

2.8 $1 < x < 2$

2.9 b, c

2.10 $\frac{2a}{\sqrt{3}}$

3.1 a, b, c

3.2 n

3.3 $\frac{1}{n+1}$

3.4 $4abc$

3.5 a, b, c

3.6 $4^{\frac{1}{3}}$

3.7 $2 \log 2 - 1$

3.8 $2e - 5$

3.9 $\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4}$

3.10 $7x - 3y - z + 89 = 0$

Note: Please accept any answer which is correct, but expressed in an equivalent, though different, form, where applicable.