## REPRESENTATION THEORY OF FINITE GROUPS

## PROBLEMS SET 8

- (1) Show that the number of inversions in the transposition (i, j) is 2(j 1 1) + 1, so that  $\epsilon((i, j)) = -1$ .
- (2) Let V and W be representations of  $S_n$ . Show that

 $\operatorname{Hom}_{A_n}(V, W) = \operatorname{Hom}_{S_n}(V, W) \oplus \operatorname{Hom}_{S_n}(V, W \otimes \epsilon).$ 

- (3) Let X be a set with an action of  $S_n$ . Given  $x \in X$ , show that the  $S_n$ -orbit of x is a union of two orbits for the action of  $A_n$  if and only if  $\operatorname{Stab}_{S_n} x \subset A_n$ .
- (4) How many conjugacy classes does  $A_5$  have? What are their cardinalities?
- (5) What must be the dimensions of the irreducible representations of  $A_5$ ?
- (6) Let p(n) denote the number of partitions of n. Let  $p_{\text{even}}(n)$  denote the number of partitions of n with an even number of even parts. Let  $p_{\text{dop}}(n)$  denote the number of partitions of n with distinct odd parts. Let  $p_{\text{sc}}(n)$  denote the number of self-conjugate partitions of n. Prove that:

$$p(n) + 3p_{\rm sc}(n) = 2p_{\rm even}(n) + 2p_{\rm dop}(n).$$

- (7) For an odd integer n > 2, show that a *n*-cycle is conjugate to its inverse in  $A_n$  if and only if  $\lfloor n/2 \rfloor$  is even.
- (8) An element of  $A_n$  with cycle type  $\lambda$ , where  $\lambda$  has distinct odd parts is conjugate to its inverse if and only if

$$\sum_{i=1}^{l} \lfloor \lambda_i / 2 \rfloor$$

is even.

Date: 20th June 2017.