## HOMEWORK XIV

## FUNCTIONAL ANALYSIS

- (1) If X is compact and  $K \in C(X \times X)$ , let  $K_x(y) = K(x, y)$ . Show that the map  $X \to C(X)$  given by  $x \mapsto K_x$  is continuous (here C(X) is topologised by the supremum norm).
- (2) Let X be as above, with a probability measure  $\mu$ . Show that for any  $f \in L^2(X,\mu)$ ,  $T_K f \in C(X)$ . Hint: use the previous problem along with the fact that the inclusion  $C(X) \in L^2(X)$ is continuous and that  $T_K f(x) = (f, \bar{K}_x)$ .
- (3) Let G be a compact group,  $\pi : G \to GL(V)$  be a representation of G on a finite dimensional real (resp. complex) vector space V. Let  $(\cdot, \cdot)$  be a Euclidean (resp. Hermitian) inner product on V. Show that

$$(x,y)_G = \int_G (\pi(g)x, \pi(g)y) d\mu(x),$$

where  $\mu$  is the invariant probability measure on G defines a Euclidean (resp. Hermitian) inner product on V (the main thing to check is positive-definiteness).

Date: Solutions need not be submitted.