## COMBINATORICS IN REPRESENTATION THEORY

## MIDSEMESTER EXAMINATION

- (1) Compute the character values of the representation  $V_{(2,2,1)}$  of  $S_5$ .
- (2) Write **n** for  $\{1, \ldots, n\}$ . Let  $V = \mathbf{C}[\mathbf{n}]$ . What is the decomposition of  $V \otimes V$  into irreducibles as a representation of  $S_n$ ? [Hint: express  $V \otimes V$  as a permutation representation.]
- (3) Show that

$$\prod_{i,j} (1 + x_i y_j) = \sum_{\lambda} m_{\lambda}(x) e_{\lambda}(y).$$

[Hint: the coefficient of  $x^{\lambda}y^{\mu}$  is given by counting (0, 1)-matrices with row sums  $\lambda$  and column sums  $\mu$ .]

(4) For each partition  $\lambda$  of n show that the number of permutations in  $S_n$  whose cycle decomposition is a partition of type  $\lambda$  is

$$\frac{n!}{1^{m_1}m_1!2^{m_2}m_2!\cdots}$$

where  $m_i$  is the number of times that *i* occurs in  $\lambda$ .

(5) Let  $E : \Lambda_n \to \Lambda_n$  be the linear involution which takes  $s_{\lambda}$  to  $s_{\lambda'}$ . Show that  $E(p_{\lambda}) = \epsilon(w_{\lambda})p_{\lambda}$ , where  $w_{\lambda}$  is any element whose cycle decomposition is of type  $\lambda$  and  $\epsilon$  is the sign character.

Date: 9th March 2011, 9:00AM-11:00AM.